

### For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in:

Established Turf Grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns

Landscape Ornamentals (including established perennials and wildflower plantings)

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
Prodiamine, [N <sup>3</sup> ,N <sup>3</sup> -Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-(trifluoromethyl) m-phenylenediamine 0.42%	
INERT INGREDIENTS: 99.58%	
TOTAL:	

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See the following section, Precautionary Statements, Hazards To Humans and Domestic Animals, for additional information.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear protective eyewear. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

	FIRST AID
IF IN EYES:	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF SWALLOWED:	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do by a poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>
IF INHALED:	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact SafetyCall® International (866) 897-8050 for emergency medical treatment information.

### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that lands on a driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden will help to prevent run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

Distributed and Guaranteed by Andre & Son 17150 State Route 706 • Montrose, PA 18801 • 570-278-1131

### **GUARANTEED ANALYSIS**

Soluble Potash (K2O)	00%
----------------------	-----

Nutrients derived from: Muriate of Potash.

Information concerning the raw materials composing this product can be obtained by writing to the Guarantor listed on this label, and referring to the batch number found on this container.

Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at http://www.aapfco.org/metals.htm

# DIRECTION FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

Established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
 Landscape ormamentals
 Established perennials and wildflower plantings

This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seeds germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when it is activated by at least 1/2 inch of rainfall, irrigation, or shallow (1 to 2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown for; (1) Sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product. Do not apply aerially. Do not apply to golf course putting greens. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

### WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:

		*
Barnyardgrass	Henbit	Purslane, common
Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua)	Itchgrass	Pusley, Florida
Carpetweed	Johnsongrass (from seed)	Rescuegrass <sup>3</sup>
Chickweed, common	Junglerice	Shepherd's Purse <sup>2</sup>
Chickweed, mouse ear (from seed)	Knotweed	Signalgrass, Broadleaf
Crabgrass (large, smooth)	Kochia	Speedwell, Persian
Crowfootgrass	Lambsquarter, common	Sprangletop
Cupgrass, Woolly	Lovegrass	Spurge, Prostrate
Foxtails, Annual	Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Witchgrass
Goosegrass <sup>1</sup>	Pigweed	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

<sup>1</sup> In many areas a single application of 0.651b. to 1.5 lb. active ingredient per acre (equal to 155 lbs. to 357 lbs./ A of this product equal to 3.6 to 8.2 lbs./10130 sq. ft. of this product) will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 0.65 lb. to 1.0 lb. a.i., per acre (equal to 155 lbs./ to 1.0 lb. active ingredient by the season set of the season season for the season of the season of the season of the season most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 0.65 lb. to 1.0 lb. active ingredient by the season season season set of the season of the s

<sup>2</sup>Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination.

<sup>3</sup>Suppression only. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.



EPA Reg. No. 53883-297-47956 • EPA Est. No. 47956-PA-001

# APPLICATION DIRECTIONS:

Apply uniformly with suitable, calibrated application equipment.

#### ESTABLISHED TURF:

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the Maximum Annual Rates section of this label. Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.



### USE PRECAUTIONS AND RESTRICTIONS:

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns: (1) Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses. (2) Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second mowing whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil. (3) Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 120 days after application. Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year. (4) Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury. (5) Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control. (6) Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass or annual bluegrass. (*Poa annual*) are desirable species.

### RATES OF APPLICATION:

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds. Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

#### MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Application Rate/Calendar Year of turf fertilizer by turf grass species <sup>(1)</sup>			
Turf Species	Lbs. Product/A	Lbs. Product/1000 sq. ft.	Lbs. a.i/A
Creeping Bentgrass	155	3.6	0.65
Creeping Red Fescue	179	4.1	0.75
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	238	5.5	1.0
Bermudagrass <sup>(2)</sup> Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysia	357	8.2	1.5

<sup>1</sup>These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

<sup>2</sup>May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 0.5 lb. a.i./acre (equal to 119 lbs./ A of this product equal to 2.7 lbs./1000 sq. ft. of this product). Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtal, Goosegrass, and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

- Do not apply more than 1.5 lbs. a.i. per calendar year per acre (equal to 357 lbs./A of this product equal to 8.2 lbs./1000 sq. ft. of this product).
- Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the maximum application rates specified in the Maximum Annual Rates Table.

PRODIAMINE GROUP 3 HERBICIDE

# **DIRECTION FOR USE** (continued)

# WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

## WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the following table below for best overseeding/reseeding results

LBs Product/Acre	LBs Product/1000 sq. ft.	LBs ai/A	Month	ns Before Overs	seeding
			North	Transition	South
119	2.7	0.50	4	4	4
155	3.6	0.65	5	4	4
179	4.1	0.75	6	5	5
190	4.4	0.80	-	6	6
238	5.5	1.00	-	7	7
271	6.2	1.14		-	9
310	7.1	1.30	-	-	10
357	8.2	1.50	-	-	12

### SPREADER SETTINGS

Spreader settings vary by make and model of spreader. Calibrate individual spreaders are calibrated for the specific product that is to be applied. Use a walking speed of 3 miles per hour

Canadar Madal	Spreader Seetings Application Rates1 a.i lbs/Acre (Product lbs/1000 sq ft)			
Spreader Model	0.5 (2.7)	0.75 (4.1)	1.0 (5.5)	1.5 (8.2)
Earthway 2400	14	16	14*	16*
Prizelawn	D	F	D*	F*
Scotts Accupro	D	н	D*	H*

### LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

Including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

#### Use rates and When to Apply

Apply in fall and/or spring, 0.65 to 1.5 lbs, active ingredient per acre, which is equal to 3.6 to 8.21bs, of this product per 1.000 sg, ft, of ornamental plantings; therefore 20 lbs of this product will treat 2,439 to 5,556 sq. ft. Use the higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made as long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 1.5 lbs. a.i. per acre.

### Established Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application, Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate it into the soil.

### Newly Transplanted Landscape Ornamentals

This product may be applied to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store this product in its original container in a dry, cool, secured area. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed, or seed by storage or disposal

PRODUCT DISPOSAL: As a responsible environmental practice, where possible, it is recommended that all of the contents of the bag be used, carefully following label directions and precautions.

CONTAINER HANDLING: Non-refillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling, if available, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke,

## CONDITIONS OF SALE AND WARRANTY

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application all of which are beyond the control of Andre and Son, Inc. or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer, Andre and Son, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use subject to the inherent risks referred to above. Andre and Son, Inc. makes no other express or implied Warranty of Fitness or Merchantability or any other express or implied warranty. In no case shall Andre and Son, Inc. or the Seller be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this Product. Andre and Son, Inc. and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and user accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty, which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of Andre and Son, Inc.

SCIENTIFIC NAME Abies spp. Abelia grandiflora Acer palmatum Acer platanoides Achillea spp. Actinidia chinensis Agapanthus africanus Akebia guintata Allium cernuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Arctostaphylos densiflora Arctotheca calendula Artemesia spp. Asters spp. or Symphiotrichium spp. Aster X frikartii Athyrium felix-femina Aucuba iaponica Begonia spp. Berberis gladwynesis Berberis julianae Berberis mentorensis Berberis thunbergii Berberis verriculosa Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp. Buddleia davidii Buxus microphylla Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Campanula carpatica Campsis X tagliabuana Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisoides Ceanothus rigidus Ceratostigma plumbaginoide Chamaecvparis pisifera Chrysanthemum nipponicum Clevera japonica Citrus spp.\* Coreopsis spp. Cornus florida Cornus stolonifera Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster microphyllus Crataegus spp. Crocosmia spp. Cupressus sempervirens Delosperma alba Delphinium spp. Dianthus deltoides Dianthus gratianopolitanus Dodonea viscosa Echinacea purpurea Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei Euonymus japonica Japai Euonymus kiautschovica Fatsia iaponica Forsythia intermedia

Forsythia suspense

Forsythia viridissima

Gardenia jasminoides

Gentiana dahurica

Gladiolus spp.\*\*

Geranium cinereum

Gaillardia spp.

COMMON NAME (Tested varieties)	sc
Fir	Gy
Abelia; Sherwood	He
Japanese maple	Hel
Norway maple	Hei
Yarrow (King Edward)	Hib
Kiwi*	Hib
Lily-of-the-Nile; African Lily	Hib
Five-leaf or Chocolate vine	Ho
Lady's leek or Nodding onion	H. s
Japanese anemone	Ho
Columbine (Red and gold)	Hyo
Vine Hill manzanita	llex
Cape weed	llex
Wormwood (Silver mound; Castle)	llex
Actor (Denny blue Durnle dense)	llex
Aster (Bonny blue, Purple dome)	llex Inu
Lady fern	Iris
Japanese Aucuba	Iris
Fibrous bigonia (Hardy Grandis)	Iris
Barberry	jasi
Wintergreen barberry	Jur
Mentor barberry	Jur
Japanese barberry	Jur
Warty barberry	Jur
, , ,	Juc
Snowbank	Jus
Bouganvillea	Lag
Butterfly-bush (Dwarf Blue, Royal Red)	Lar
Japanese boxwood	Lav
Weeping bottlebrush	Leo
Scotch heather	Lig
Tussock bellflower (White Clips)	Lig
Trumpet creeper;	Lig
Trumpet flower (Madame Gaten)	Lig
Hottentot fig: Ice plant	Liliu
Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac	Liri
es	Liri
False Cypress	Liri
	Lot
Cleyera	Lor
Citrus species*	Lor
Coreopsis; Calliopsis	Lor
(Early sunrise, Moonbeam)	Lyt
Flowering dogwood	Ma
American dogwood	Ma
Pampas grass	Ma
Cranberry cotoneaster	Mis
Cotoneaster	Na
Bearberry cotoneaster	Na
Rockspray cotoneaster	Nei
Hawthorne	Ole
Lucifer	Op
Italian cypress	Os
White trailing ice plant	Ost
Larkspur (Blue elf)	Ox
Maiden pinks (Zing)	Per
Cheddar pinks	Pho
Hop bush	Pic
Coneflower, purple (Magnus) Silverberry	Pic
Wintercreeper	Pin
anese spindle tree; Evergreen euonymus	Pin
Spreading euonymus	Pin
Japanese aralia	Pin
Border forsythia	Pin
Weeping forsythia	Pin
Greenstem forsythia	Pin
Blanket flower (Goblin)	Pin
Gardenia, Cape-jasmine	Pin
Gentian	Pin
Cranesbill	Pin
Gladiolus	Pin

IENTIFIC NAME **COMMON NAME (Tested varieties)** vpsophila repens Baby's breath edera helix English Ivy elianthemum spp. Sunrose emerocallis spp. Daylily (Aztec gold, Stella d"Oro, Tender love) biscus spp. \* Rose of Sharon\*\* Mallow (Disco belle white) biscus spp. Chinese hibiscus\*\* biscus Rosa-sinensis\* Hosta, Plantain lilv osta plantaginea sieboldiana Hosta (Searsucker) outtuvnia cordata var. variegata /drangea macrophylla Bigleaf hydrangea x cornuta\*\* Chinese holly\*\* x crenata Japanese hollv x opaca American holly x pernyi Holly x vomitoria Yaupon holly ula ensifolia ensata Sword-leaved iris (Jodlesong) siberica Siberian iris (Cabernet) SDD. Iris \* sminium nudiflorum Winter jasmine niperus chinensis Chinese juniper (Nick's compact) niperus conferta Shore juniper (Blue Pacific) niperus davurica Juniper niperus horizontalis Creeping juniper ialans spp.\* Walnut\* Shrimp plant sticia brandegeana derstroemia indica Crape myrtle ntana montevidensis Weeping lantana Lavender (Munstead) vender spp ontopodium alpinum Edelweiss gustrum amurense Amur privet ustrum japonicum Japanese privet austrum lucidum Glossy privet (Wax-Leaf) -nustrum sinense Chinese privet (Variegate) ium spp. Lily (Jazz) iope muscari Liriope (Big blue, Lilyturf, Silver mound, Evergreen giant) iope muscari var. variegata Liriope, variegated tione spicata Lirione creening belia cardinalis Cardinal flower nicera japonica Japanese honeysuckle nicera tatarica Tatarian honeysuckle ropetalum chinense Burgundy Loosestrife (Modern Pink) thrum spp. agnolia spp.\*\* Magnolia\*\* aleophora luteola Ice plant alus spp.\* Crabapple\* iscanthus sinensis Yaku iima. Silberfeder andina domestica Heavenly bamboo arcissus spp.\*\* Narcissus\*\* erium oleander Oleander ea europaea\* Olive\* Mondo Grass\*\* phiopogon iaponicas\*\* smanthus heterophyllus Osmanthus; False holly (Gulf tide) steospermum fruticosum Trailing African Daisy vdendron luteum Sourwood rsea americana Avocado\* Frasier's photinia: Redtip notinia fraseri nysostegia virginiana False dragonhead (Vivid) Spruce species\*\* (Colorado blue, Norway, etc.) cea spp.\*\* eris japonica Lily-of-the-valley shrub nus brutia Calabrian pine nus canariensis Canary island pine nus elliottii Slash pine nus ha!epensis Aleppo pine nus nigra Austrian black pine nus palustris I ongleaf nine nus radiate Monterey pine nus strobus Eastern white pine nus svlvestris Scotch pine Loblolly pine nus taeda Japanese black pine nus thunbergiana Gladiolus Pinus virginiana Virginia pine

### TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES:

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when it is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species. When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME (Tested varieties)
Pistacia spp.* Pittosporum rhombifolium Pittosporum tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus Prunus spp.*	Pistachio* Queensland pittosporum Japanese pittosporum Japanese yew English laurel Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, and Prune*
Pseudotsuga menziesii** Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii Pyrus spp. Quercus rubra Quercus shumardii Raphiolepis indica Rhododendron (including Azalea)	Douglas-fir** Firethom, scarlet Firethom Firethom Bradford pear Red oak Shumard oak Indian Hawthorne Rhododendron & Azalea (Coral Bells, Delaware valley white, Flame creeper, George L. Tabor, PJM, Roseum Elegans, Formosa,
Rosa banksiae Rosmarinus officinalis* Rudbeckia spp. Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virens Saxifraga spp. Sedum album Sedum caulicola Sedum dasyphyllum Syzygium paniculatum Taxus redia Taxus media Teucrium spp. Thalictrum dipterocarpum Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiatum Tsuga canadensis Tulipa spp. Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum	Hino crimson, Wakaebisu, Gumpo) Lady Bank's Rose Rosemany* Black-eyed Susan Leatherleaf Fern Goldstrum Santolina Saxifrage, Purple dome Stonecrop Stonecrop, likadense Stonecrop Japanese boxcherry Japanese vew Yew Germander Meadow rue American arborvitae Star Jasmine Canada hemlock Tulip Japanese viburnum Sweet viburnum Japanese sonball Canary Island Viburnum
Viburnum tilus Viburnum trilobium Viburnum wrightii Vinca major Vinca minor Vitis spp.* Weigela florida Yucca alolfolia Yucca filamentosa	Laurustinus Cranberry Bush Leatherleaf Viburnum Greater periwinkle, Vinca Common periwinkle Grape <sup>4</sup> Old fashioned Weigela Spanish bayonet Yucca, Adam's needle

\*Do not use on food producing trees, vines or plants. \*\*Not for use on container grown plants